

# CLAIM AMENDMENTS TO BE ENTERED

## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for forming a nucleation layer and a bulk deposition layer on a substrate disposed in a processing chamber, said method comprising:
  - forming a refractory metal nucleation layer by serially exposing said substrate to first and second reactive gases; and
  - forming ~~a top of said nucleation layer, a bulk deposition layer on said nucleation layer by employing vapor deposition to subject said nucleation layer to a bulk deposition of deposit a compound refractory metal~~ contained in one of said first and second reactive gases.
2. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein ~~forming a top of said nucleation layer includes forming said bulk deposition layer is deposited~~ employing chemical vapor deposition.
3. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein ~~forming a top of said nucleation layer includes forming said bulk deposition layer is deposited~~ employing physical vapor deposition.
4. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein forming a nucleation layer further includes ~~introducing said first and second gases therein so as to purge said processing chamber of said first reactive gas by introducing a purge gas therein, into the processing chamber after exposing said substrate to the first reactive gas and before exposing said substrate to said second reactive gas.~~
5. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein forming a nucleation layer further includes purging said processing chamber of said first reactive gas by pumping said processing chamber clear of all gases disposed therein before introducing said second reactive gas.
6. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein forming a the refractory metal nucleation layer further includes purging said processing chamber of said first reactive gas by introducing a purge gas and subsequently pumping said

processing chamber clear of all gases disposed therein before exposing said substrate to said second reactive gas.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein forming a the refractory metal nucleation layer includes forming alternating layers of a boron-containing compound and a refractory metal compound onto said substrate.

8. (Original) The method as recited in claim 7 wherein the boron-containing compound is diborane B<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>.

9. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 7 further including subject subjecting said substrate to a purge gas following formation of each of said alternating layers.

10. (Currently Amended) A method for forming a nucleation layer and a bulk deposition layer on a substrate, said method comprising:

serially exposing said substrate to first and second reactive gases, wherein said second reactive gas comprises a refractory metal selected from the group consisting of titanium (Ti) and tungsten (W), while said substrate is disposed in a processing chamber, to form a nucleation layer;

removing from said processing chamber said first reactive gas before exposing said substrate to said second reactive gas;

forming said layer adjacent to said nucleation layer by chemical vapor deposition while said substrate is disposed in said processing chamber by concurrently exposing said nucleation layer to said second reactive gas and a reducing agent.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10 wherein said second reactive gas includes a refractory metal and said reducing agent includes comprises silane.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11 wherein said refractory metal is selected from the group consisting of titanium (Ti) and tungsten (W).

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10 wherein removing from said processing chamber further includes introducing a purge gas into said processing

chamber and pumping said first processing chamber clear of all gases present therein.

*B1nd1*  
14. (Original) The method as recited in claim 10 wherein said nucleation layer has a thickness in the range of 10 to 100 Å.

15-20. (Canceled)

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